

A RECTANGULAR LATTICE DESIGN FOR POTATO BREEDING EXPERIMENTS *

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BU-105-M

December, 1958

Since potatoes are sprayed in units of 12 rows and since the outside two rows serve as guard rows, only units of 10 rows of uniform material are available for experimental work. Therefore, it is necessary to use complete or incomplete blocks of size ten rows or else to use more than one series of ten rows if uniformity within complete or incomplete blocks is to be maintained. It was decided to use incomplete blocks of 10 single-row plots in a potato breeding experiment involving 10 check varieties and 190 entries, which were test-cross progenies in six replicates. The parameters of the incomplete block design used are $v=200$, $k=10$, $r=6$, and $b=6(20)=120$.

The purposes of this paper are:

- i) to present the statistical analysis for triple rectangular lattices of $v=2k^2$ treatments in $b=2rk$ incomplete blocks of k treatments with $3q=r$ replicates,
- ii) to present results from two potato experiments grown in New York in 1958, and
- iii) to present a statistical analysis for partitioning the treatment degrees of freedom in estimating general and specific combining ability.

The Design

The experimental design used consisted of the following 3 basic arrangements (the treatments are designated as ijk with $i=1$ or 2 and $j, k=1, 2, \dots, k$):

Block No.	Arrangement I				
1	111	112	113	...	11k
2	121	122	123		12k
3	131	132	133		13k
⋮	⋮				⋮
k	1k1	1k2	1k3		1kk
k+1	211	212	213		21k
⋮	⋮				⋮
2k	2k1	2k2	2k3	...	2kk

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Block No.	Arrangement II				
1	111	121	131	...	1k1
2	112	122	132		1k2
3	113	123	133		1k3
⋮	⋮				⋮
k	11k	12k	13k		1kk
k+1	211	221	231		2k1
⋮	⋮				⋮
2k	21k	22k	23k	...	2kk

Block No.	Arrangement III				
1	111	122	133	...	1kk
2	112	123	134		1k1
3	113	124	135		1k2
⋮	⋮				⋮
k	11k	121	132		1kk-1
k+1	211	222	233		2kk
⋮	⋮				⋮
2k	21k	221	232	...	2kk-1

The groups of treatments in the incomplete blocks above were randomly allotted to the incomplete blocks of size 10 single row plots in the complete block of 200 single row plots. Then, each treatment was randomly allotted to the plots within each incomplete block. That is, the usual randomization procedure for one-restrictional incomplete block design was used [1,3]. The same three arrangements were used for replicates 4, 5, and 6 but with a different randomization.

The experimental design above completely confounds one treatment degree of freedom (treatments 111 to 1kk versus treatments 211 to 2kk) with differences among incomplete blocks. This could have been avoided by using the following three arrangements (for k even):

Block No.	Arrangement X = Arrangement I				
1	111	112	113	...	11k
2	121	122	123		12k
3	131	132	133		13k
⋮	⋮				⋮
k	1k1	1k2	1k3		1kk
k+1	211	212	213		21k
⋮	⋮				⋮
2k	2k1	2k2	2k3	...	2kk

Block No.	Arrangement Y (obtained from II, $a=k/2$)						
1	111	121	...	1a1	211	221	... 2a1
2	112	122		1a2	212	222	2a2
3	113	123		1a3	213	223	2a3
⋮	⋮						⋮
k	11k	12k		1ak	21k	22k	2ak
k+1	1,a+1,1	1,a+2,1		1k1	2,a+1,1	2,a+2,1	2k1
k+2	1,a+1,2	1,a+2,2		1k2	2,a+1,2	2,a+2,2	2k2
⋮	⋮						⋮
2k	1,a+1,k	1,a+2,k	...	1kk	2,a+1,k	2,a+2,k	... 2kk

Block No.	Arrangement Z (obtained from III, $a=k/2$)						
1	111	122	...	1aa	2,a+1,a+1	2,a+2,a+2	... 2kk
2	112	123		1a,a+1	2,a+1,a+2	2,a+2,a+3	2k1
3	113	124		1a,a+2	2,a+1,a+3	2,a+2,a+4	2k2
⋮	⋮						⋮
k-1	11k-1	12k		1a,a-2	2,a+1,a-1	2,a+1,a-1	2k,k-2
k	11k	121		1a,a-1	2,a+1,a	2,a+2,a+1	2k,k-1
k+1	1,a+1,1	1,a+2,2		1ka	21,a+1	22,a+2	2ak
k+2	1,a+1,2	1,a+2,3		1k,a+1	21,a+2	22,a+3	2a1
⋮	⋮						⋮
2k	1,a+1,k	1,a+2,1	...	1k,a-1	21a	22,a+1	... 2a,k-1

Since the latter arrangement was not used, the analysis is presented only for arrangements I, II, and III. The analysis for arrangements X, Y, and Z will form the subject of a later paper.

The Analysis

The normal equations for the above design are:

$$\mu: \quad \mu + r \sum_{j=1}^r \rho_j + v \sum_{i=1}^v \tau_i + k \sum_{j=1}^r \sum_{g=1}^{2k} \beta_{jg} = Y_{...} = \text{grand total} ;$$

$$\tau_i: \quad r(\mu + \tau_i) + \sum_j \rho_j + \text{sum of block effects for blocks in which } i\text{th treatment occurred} = Y_{i..} = \text{ith treatment total} ;$$

$$\rho_j: \quad v(\mu + \rho_j) + \sum_i \tau_i + \sum_g \beta_{jg} = Y_{.j.} = \text{jth replicate total} ;$$

$$\beta_{jg}: \quad k(\mu + \rho_j + \beta_{jg}) + \text{sum of treatment effects for treatments occurring in block } jg = Y_{.jg} = \text{jgth incomplete block total} .$$

The above plus the following equations result in unique solutions for the μ , τ_i , ρ_j , and β_{jg} effects:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{2k^2} \tau_i = \sum_{j=1}^r \rho_j = \sum_g \beta_{jg} = 0 ;$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{k^2} \tau_i = \sum_{g=1}^k \beta_{jg} = \frac{1}{r} \sum_{j=1}^r \sum_{g=1}^k \beta_{jg} ;$$

$$\sum_{i=k^2+1}^{2k^2} \tau_i = \sum_{g=k+1}^{2k} \beta_{jg} = \frac{1}{r} \sum_{j=1}^r \sum_{g=k+1}^{2k} \beta_{jg} .$$

The solutions for the β_{jg} are

$$\hat{\beta}_{jg} = \frac{1}{2rk^2} \left\{ 3kQ_{.jg} - \sum_{g=1}^k Q_{.jg} \right\} + \frac{1}{k(k+1)} \sum_{i=1}^{k^2} (\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y})$$

for $g=1, 2, \dots, k$ and

$$\hat{\beta}_{jg} = \frac{1}{2qk^2} \left\{ 3kQ_{\cdot jg} - \sum_{g=k+1}^{2k} Q_{\cdot jg} \right\} + \frac{1}{k(k+1)} \sum_{i=k^2+1}^{2k^2} (\bar{y}_{i\cdot\cdot} - \bar{y})$$

for $g=k+1, k+2, \dots, 2k$. For $q=1$, the value for $Q_{\cdot jg}$ equals the incomplete block total minus the means of the varieties which appeared in block g of the j th replicate. If $q>1$, $Q_{\cdot jg}$ represents the sum of the $Q_{\cdot jg}$ values for each set of 3 basic arrangements, or it equals the sum of q incomplete block totals for a given group of treatments minus q times the mean of these varieties.

The adjusted variety means are $\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_i = \bar{y} + \hat{\tau}_i$ and the $\hat{\tau}_i$ are obtained from the normal equations for the treatments or varieties. This is the variety mean adjusted for intrablock information only.

The analysis of variance for the above design follows:

Source of variation	d.f.	Sum of squares
Replicates	$r-1$	$\sum_{j=1}^r \frac{Y_{\cdot j\cdot}^2}{2k^2} - \frac{Y_{\cdot\cdot\cdot}^2}{2rk^2}$
Treatments (elim. incomplete blocks)	$2k^2-2$	$\sum_{i=1}^V \hat{\tau}_i Q_{i\cdot\cdot}$
Incomplete blocks (ign. treat.)	$6qk-r$	$\sum_{j=1}^r \sum_{g=1}^{2k} \frac{Y_{\cdot jg}^2}{k} - \sum_{j=1}^r \frac{Y_{\cdot j\cdot}^2}{2k^2}$
A=Tr. 1 to k^2 vs Tr. k^2+1 to $2k^2$	1	$[\sum_{i=1}^{k^2} Y_{i\cdot\cdot} - \sum_{i=k^2+1}^{2k^2} Y_{i\cdot\cdot}]^2 / 2rk^2$
A x replicates	$r-1$	usual method
Residual	$6qk-2r$	subtraction
Intrablock error	$2(k-1)(r-1)(k-1)$	subtraction
Incomplete blocks (elim. treat.)	$6qk-r-1$	see below
A x replicates	$r-1$	see below
Component (a)	$6(q-1)(k-1)$	see below
Component (b)	$6(k-1)$	see below

$Q_{i..}$ in the above analysis of variance table is equal to the total yield of the i th treatment, $Y_{i..}$, minus the sum of the means of the r incomplete blocks in which the i th treatment occurred.

The component (b) sum of squares is computed as

$$\sum_{j=1}^3 \sum_{g=1}^k \beta_{jg} Q_{.jg} / q + \sum_{j=1}^3 \sum_{g=k+1}^{2k} \beta_{jg} Q_{.jg} / q$$

where the $Q_{.jg}$ values represents the sum of the $Q_{.jg}$ values from the q sets of 3 arrangements.

The component (a) sum of squares is the interaction of block totals $Y_{.jg}$, with the q replicates which have the same basic arrangement, within sets of treatments 1 to k^2 and k^2+1 to $2k^2$.

Both the $A \times$ replicates and the component (a) mean squares have expectation $\sigma_e^2 + k\sigma_\beta^2$; the expectation of the component (b) mean square is $\sigma_e^2 + \frac{2}{3} k\sigma_\beta^2$. Therefore, the expected value of the blocks (eliminating treatment) mean square $= E_b$, is:

$$\frac{[r-1+6(q-1)(k-1)] [\sigma_e^2 + k\sigma_\beta^2] + [6(k-1)] [\sigma_e^2 + \frac{2}{3} k\sigma_\beta^2]}{6qk-3q-1} = \sigma_e^2 + \frac{(3q-1)(2k-1)}{6qk-3q-1} k\sigma_\beta^2$$

The weights are estimated as:

$$w = \frac{1}{\text{Intrablock error M.S.} = E_e}$$

and

$$w' = \frac{(3q-1)(2k-1)}{(6qk-3q-1)E_b - 2(k-1)E_e}$$

The normal equations for obtaining adjusted treatment means utilizing inter-block information are [2,3]:

$$\begin{aligned} \mu: & 6qk^2\mu(w+w') + v \sum_{j=1}^r \rho_j (w+w') + 3q(w+w') \sum_{i=1}^v \tau_i + wk \sum_{j=1}^r \sum_{g=1}^{2k} \beta_{jg} = Y_{...} (w+w') ; \\ \rho_j: & v(\rho_j + \mu)(w+w') + \sum_i \tau_i (w+w') + w \sum_g \beta_{jg} = Y_{.j.} (w+w') ; \end{aligned}$$

$\beta_{jg} : kw(\mu + \rho_j + \beta_{jg}) + w$ (sum of treatment effects for treatments occurring in block $jg = wY_{\cdot jg}$;

$$\begin{aligned} \tau_h : & r\mu(w+w') + (w+w')\sum_j \rho_j + rw\tau_h + \frac{w'}{k} \sum_{i=1}^v \tau_i \sum_{jg} n_{h jg} n_{i jg} + w \sum_{jg} n_{h jg} \beta_{jg} \\ & = wY_{h\cdot\cdot} + \frac{w'}{k} \sum_{jg} n_{h jg} Y_{\cdot jg} . \end{aligned}$$

The above equations plus the following result in unique solutions for the effects:

$$\sum_{i=1}^v \tau_i = \sum_{j=1}^r \rho_j = \sum_g \beta_{jg} = 0 ;$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{k^2} \tau_i = \sum_{g=1}^k \beta_{jg} = \frac{1}{3q} \sum_{j=1}^r \sum_{g=1}^k \beta_{jg} ;$$

$$\sum_{i=k^2+1}^{2k^2} \tau_i = \sum_{g=k+1}^{2k} \beta_{jg} = \frac{1}{3q} \sum_{j=1}^r \sum_{g=k+1}^{2k} \beta_{jg} .$$

The solutions for the τ_i are obtained from the following v equations, utilizing the above equations, the h th equation being:

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\tau}_h & \left\{ w(n_{h\cdot\cdot} - \sum_{jg} n_{h jg}^2 / n_{\cdot jg}) - w' \sum_{jg} \frac{n_{h jg}}{n_{\cdot jg}} \left(\frac{n_{h\cdot\cdot}}{b} - n_{h jg} \right) \right\} \\ & - \sum_{\substack{i=1 \\ \neq h}}^v \hat{\tau}_i \left\{ w \sum_{jg} \frac{n_{i jg} n_{h jg}}{n_{\cdot jg}} - w' \sum_{jg} \frac{n_{i jg}}{n_{\cdot jg}} (n_{h jg} - \frac{n_{h\cdot\cdot}}{b}) \right\} \\ & = w \left\{ Y_{h\cdot\cdot} - \sum_{jg} n_{h jg} \bar{y}_{\cdot jg} \right\} + w' \left\{ \sum_{jg} n_{h jg} \bar{y}_{\cdot jg} - \frac{n_{h\cdot\cdot}}{b} \sum_{jg} \bar{y}_{\cdot jg} \right\} = Z_{h\cdot\cdot} . \end{aligned}$$

Solving these equations we obtain the solutions in matrix form as:

$$\hat{\underline{\tau}} = \underline{N}^{-1} \underline{Z}$$

where \underline{N}^{-1} is the inverse matrix of coefficients for the variance-covariance matrix recovering interblock information.

An Example

To illustrate the estimation of effects and the computations in the analysis of variance the following example was constructed for ease of computation from the parameters $v=18$, $k=3$, $r=6$, $b=36$ and

$\mu = 10$	$\beta_{11} = -1$	$\beta_{21} = 0$	$\beta_{31} = -1$	$\beta_{41} = -1$
$\rho_1 = -1$	$\beta_{12} = -2$	$\beta_{22} = 0$	$\beta_{32} = 1$	$\beta_{42} = -2$
$\rho_2 = -2$	$\beta_{13} = 2$	$\beta_{23} = -1$	$\beta_{33} = -1$	$\beta_{43} = 2$
$\rho_3 = 3$	$\beta_{14} = -2$	$\beta_{24} = -1$	$\beta_{34} = 1$	$\beta_{44} = -2$
$\rho_4 = 3$	$\beta_{15} = 2$	$\beta_{25} = 3$	$\beta_{35} = 1$	$\beta_{45} = 2$
$\rho_5 = -2$	$\beta_{16} = 1$	$\beta_{26} = -1$	$\beta_{36} = -1$	$\beta_{46} = 1$
$\rho_6 = -1$				
$\beta_{51} = 0$	$\beta_{61} = -1$	$\tau_1 = -1$	$\tau_7 = 4$	$\tau_{13} = 0$
$\beta_{52} = 0$	$\beta_{62} = 1$	$\tau_2 = -2$	$\tau_8 = 3$	$\tau_{14} = 0$
$\beta_{53} = -1$	$\beta_{63} = -1$	$\tau_3 = -3$	$\tau_9 = 2$	$\tau_{15} = 0$
$\beta_{54} = -1$	$\beta_{64} = 1$	$\tau_4 = -4$	$\tau_{10} = 1$	$\tau_{16} = 0$
$\beta_{55} = 3$	$\beta_{65} = -1$	$\tau_5 = -5$	$\tau_{11} = 0$	$\tau_{17} = 0$
$\beta_{56} = -1$	$\beta_{66} = 1$	$\tau_6 = 5$	$\tau_{12} = 0$	$\tau_{18} = 0$

$\epsilon_{111} = -1$	$\epsilon_{121} = 1$	$\epsilon_{1014} = -1$	$\epsilon_{1024} = 1$
$\epsilon_{211} = 1$	$\epsilon_{222} = -1$	$\epsilon_{1114} = 1$	$\epsilon_{1125} = -1$
$\epsilon_{412} = 1$	$\epsilon_{421} = -1$	$\epsilon_{1315} = 1$	$\epsilon_{1324} = -1$
$\epsilon_{512} = -1$	$\epsilon_{522} = 1$	$\epsilon_{1415} = -1$	$\epsilon_{1425} = 1$

Yields for schematic arrangement; treatment numbers
in parentheses

Replicate number									
Block number	1 (arrangement I)			Block sum	Block number	2 (arrangement II)			Block sum
11	(1)	(2)	(3)	18	21	(1)	(4)	(7)	23
	6	7	5			8	3	12	
12	(4)	(5)	(6)	17	22	(2)	(5)	(8)	20
	4	1	12			5	4	11	
13	(7)	(8)	(9)	42	23	(3)	(6)	(9)	25
	15	14	13			4	12	9	
14	(10)	(11)	(12)	22	24	(10)	(13)	(16)	22
	7	8	7			9	6	7	
15	(13)	(14)	(15)	33	25	(11)	(14)	(17)	33
	12	10	11			10	12	11	
16	(16)	(17)	(18)	30	26	(12)	(15)	(18)	21
	10	10	10			7	7	7	
Replicate 1 total =				162	Replicate 2 total =				144

Block number	3 (arrangement III)			Block sum	Block number	4 (arrangement II)			Block sum
31	(1)	(5)	(9)	32	41	(1)	(4)	(7)	35
	11	7	14			11	8	16	
32	(2)	(6)	(7)	49	42	(2)	(5)	(8)	29
	12	19	18			9	6	14	
33	(3)	(4)	(8)	32	43	(3)	(6)	(9)	49
	9	8	15			12	20	17	
34	(10)	(14)	(18)	43	44	(10)	(13)	(16)	34
	15	14	14			12	11	11	
35	(11)	(15)	(16)	42	45	(11)	(14)	(17)	45
	14	14	14			15	15	15	
36	(12)	(13)	(17)	36	46	(12)	(15)	(18)	42
	12	12	12			14	14	14	
Replicate 3 total =				234	Replicate 4 total =				234

Block number	5 (arrangement III)			Block sum	Block number	6 (arrangement I)			Block sum
51	(1)	(5)	(9)	20	61	(1)	(2)	(3)	18
	7	3	10			7	6	5	
52	(2)	(6)	(7)	31	62	(4)	(5)	(6)	26
	6	13	12			6	5	15	
53	(3)	(4)	(8)	17	63	(7)	(8)	(9)	33
	4	3	10			12	11	10	
54	(10)	(14)	(18)	22	64	(10)	(11)	(12)	31
	8	7	7			11	10	10	
55	(11)	(15)	(16)	33	65	(13)	(14)	(15)	24
	11	11	11			8	8	8	
56	(12)	(13)	(17)	21	66	(16)	(17)	(18)	30
	7	7	7			10	10	10	
Replicate 5 total =				144	Replicate 6 total =				162

First let's consider the analysis of replicates 1, 2, and 3. The normal equations for this example are:

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mu: & 3(18)\hat{\mu}+0+0+0=Y_{...}=540=162+144+234 \\
 \rho_1: & 18(\hat{\mu}+\hat{\rho}_1)+0+0=Y_{.1.}=162 \\
 \rho_2: & 18(\hat{\mu}+\hat{\rho}_2)+0+0=Y_{.2.}=144 \\
 \rho_3: & 18(\hat{\mu}+\hat{\rho}_3)+0+0=Y_{.3.}=234 \\
 \tau_1: & 3(\hat{\mu}+\hat{\tau}_1)+0+\hat{\beta}_{11}+\hat{\beta}_{21}+\hat{\beta}_{31}=Y_{1..}=6+8+11=25 \\
 \tau_2: & 3(\hat{\mu}+\hat{\tau}_2)+0+\hat{\beta}_{11}+\hat{\beta}_{22}+\hat{\beta}_{32}=Y_{2..}=24 \\
 \tau_3: & 3(\hat{\mu}+\hat{\tau}_3)+0+\hat{\beta}_{11}+\hat{\beta}_{23}+\hat{\beta}_{33}=Y_{3..}=18 \\
 \tau_4: & 3(\hat{\mu}+\hat{\tau}_4)+0+\hat{\beta}_{12}+\hat{\beta}_{21}+\hat{\beta}_{33}=Y_{4..}=15 \\
 \tau_5: & 3(\hat{\mu}+\hat{\tau}_5)+0+\hat{\beta}_{12}+\hat{\beta}_{22}+\hat{\beta}_{31}=Y_{5..}=12 \\
 \tau_6: & 3(\hat{\mu}+\hat{\tau}_6)+0+\hat{\beta}_{12}+\hat{\beta}_{23}+\hat{\beta}_{32}=Y_{6..}=43 \\
 \tau_7: & 3(\hat{\mu}+\hat{\tau}_7)+0+\hat{\beta}_{13}+\hat{\beta}_{21}+\hat{\beta}_{32}=Y_{7..}=45
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \tau_8 : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_8) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{13} + \hat{\beta}_{22} + \hat{\beta}_{33} = Y_{8..} = 40 \\
 \tau_9 : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_9) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{13} + \hat{\beta}_{23} + \hat{\beta}_{31} = Y_{9..} = 36 \\
 \tau_{10} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{10}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{14} + \hat{\beta}_{24} + \hat{\beta}_{34} = Y_{10..} = 31 \\
 \tau_{11} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{11}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{14} + \hat{\beta}_{25} + \hat{\beta}_{35} = Y_{11..} = 32 \\
 \tau_{12} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{12}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{14} + \hat{\beta}_{26} + \hat{\beta}_{36} = Y_{12..} = 26 \\
 \tau_{13} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{13}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{15} + \hat{\beta}_{24} + \hat{\beta}_{36} = Y_{13..} = 30 \\
 \tau_{14} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{14}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{15} + \hat{\beta}_{25} + \hat{\beta}_{34} = Y_{14..} = 36 \\
 \tau_{15} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{15}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{15} + \hat{\beta}_{26} + \hat{\beta}_{35} = Y_{15..} = 32 \\
 \tau_{16} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{16}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{16} + \hat{\beta}_{24} + \hat{\beta}_{35} = Y_{16..} = 31 \\
 \tau_{17} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{17}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{16} + \hat{\beta}_{25} + \hat{\beta}_{36} = Y_{17..} = 33 \\
 \tau_{18} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{18}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{16} + \hat{\beta}_{26} + \hat{\beta}_{34} = Y_{18..} = 31 \\
 \beta_{11} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_1 + \hat{\beta}_{11}) + \hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_3 = Y_{.11} = 18 \\
 \beta_{12} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_1 + \hat{\beta}_{12}) + \hat{\tau}_4 + \hat{\tau}_5 + \hat{\tau}_6 = Y_{.12} = 17 \\
 \beta_{13} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_1 + \hat{\beta}_{13}) + \hat{\tau}_7 + \hat{\tau}_8 + \hat{\tau}_9 = Y_{.13} = 42 \\
 \beta_{14} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_1 + \hat{\beta}_{14}) + \hat{\tau}_{10} + \hat{\tau}_{11} + \hat{\tau}_{12} = Y_{.14} = 22 \\
 \beta_{15} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_1 + \hat{\beta}_{15}) + \hat{\tau}_{13} + \hat{\tau}_{14} + \hat{\tau}_{15} = Y_{.15} = 33 \\
 \beta_{16} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_1 + \hat{\beta}_{16}) + \hat{\tau}_{16} + \hat{\tau}_{17} + \hat{\tau}_{18} = Y_{.16} = 30 \\
 \beta_{21} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_2 + \hat{\beta}_{21}) + \hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_4 + \hat{\tau}_7 = Y_{.21} = 23 \\
 \beta_{22} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_2 + \hat{\beta}_{22}) + \hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_5 + \hat{\tau}_8 = Y_{.22} = 20 \\
 \beta_{23} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_2 + \hat{\beta}_{23}) + \hat{\tau}_3 + \hat{\tau}_6 + \hat{\tau}_9 = Y_{.23} = 25 \\
 \beta_{24} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_2 + \hat{\beta}_{24}) + \hat{\tau}_{10} + \hat{\tau}_{13} + \hat{\tau}_{16} = Y_{.24} = 22 \\
 \beta_{25} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_2 + \hat{\beta}_{25}) + \hat{\tau}_{11} + \hat{\tau}_{14} + \hat{\tau}_{17} = Y_{.25} = 33 \\
 \beta_{26} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_2 + \hat{\beta}_{26}) + \hat{\tau}_{12} + \hat{\tau}_{15} + \hat{\tau}_{18} = Y_{.26} = 21 \\
 \beta_{31} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_3 + \hat{\beta}_{31}) + \hat{\tau}_1 + \hat{\tau}_5 + \hat{\tau}_9 = Y_{.31} = 32 \\
 \beta_{32} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_3 + \hat{\beta}_{32}) + \hat{\tau}_2 + \hat{\tau}_6 + \hat{\tau}_7 = Y_{.32} = 49 \\
 \beta_{33} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_3 + \hat{\beta}_{33}) + \hat{\tau}_3 + \hat{\tau}_4 + \hat{\tau}_8 = Y_{.33} = 32 \\
 \beta_{34} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_3 + \hat{\beta}_{34}) + \hat{\tau}_{10} + \hat{\tau}_{14} + \hat{\tau}_{18} = Y_{.34} = 43 \\
 \beta_{35} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_3 + \hat{\beta}_{35}) + \hat{\tau}_{11} + \hat{\tau}_{15} + \hat{\tau}_{16} = Y_{.35} = 42 \\
 \beta_{36} : & 3(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_3 + \hat{\beta}_{36}) + \hat{\tau}_{12} + \hat{\tau}_{13} + \hat{\tau}_{17} = Y_{.36} = 36
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^9 \hat{\tau}_i = \sum_{g=1}^3 \hat{\beta}_{jg} = -1 ;$$

$$\sum_{i=10}^{18} \hat{\tau}_i = \sum_{g=4}^6 \hat{\beta}_{jg} = +1 ;$$

$$\bar{y}=10, \bar{y}_{.1}=9, \bar{y}_{.2}=8, \bar{y}_{.3}=13$$

$$Q_{.11} = 18-1/3(25+24+18)-3(9-10) = -4/3$$

$$Q_{.12} = 17-1/3(15+12+43)-3(9-10) = -10/3$$

$$Q_{.13} = 42-1/3(45+40+36)-3(9-10) = 14/3$$

$$Q_{.14} = 22-1/3(31+32+26)-3(9-10) = -14/3$$

$$Q_{.15} = 33-1/3(30+36+32)-3(9-10) = 10/3$$

$$Q_{.16} = 30-1/3(31+33+31)-3(9-10) = 4/3$$

$$Q_{.21} = 23-1/3(85)-3(8-10) = 2/3$$

$$Q_{.22} = 20-1/3(76)-3(8-10) = 2/3$$

$$Q_{.23} = 25-1/3(97)-3(8-10) = -4/3$$

$$Q_{.24} = 22-1/3(92)-3(8-10) = -8/3$$

$$Q_{.25} = 33-1/3(101)-3(8-10) = 16/3$$

$$Q_{.26} = 21-1/3(89)-3(8-10) = -8/3$$

$$Q_{.31} = 32-3(13-10)-73/3 = -4/3$$

$$Q_{.32} = 49-3(13-10)-112/3 = 8/3$$

$$Q_{.33} = 32-3(13-10)-73/3 = -4/3$$

$$Q_{.34} = 43-3(13-10)-98/3 = 4/3$$

$$Q_{.35} = 42-3(13-10)-95/3 = 4/3$$

$$Q_{.36} = 36-3(13-10)-89/3 = -8/3$$

$$Q_{1..} = 25-1/3(18+23+32) = 2/3$$

$$Q_{2..} = 24-1/3(18+20+49) = -5$$

$$Q_{3..} = 18 - 1/3(18+25+32) = -7$$

$$Q_{4..} = 15 - 1/3(17+23+32) = -9$$

$$Q_{5..} = 12 - 1/3(17+20+32) = -11$$

$$Q_{6..} = 43 - 1/3(17+25+49) = 38/3$$

$$Q_{7..} = 45 - 1/3(42+23+49) = 7$$

$$Q_{8..} = 40 - 1/3(42+20+32) = 26/3$$

$$Q_{9..} = 36 - 1/3(42+25+32) = 3$$

$$Q_{10..} = 31 - 1/3(22+22+43) = 2$$

$$Q_{11..} = 32 - 1/3(22+33+42) = -1/3$$

$$Q_{12..} = 26 - 1/3(22+21+36) = -1/3$$

$$Q_{13..} = 30 - 1/3(33+22+36) = -1/3$$

$$Q_{14..} = 36 - 1/3(33+33+43) = -1/3$$

$$Q_{15..} = 32 - 1/3(33+21+42) = 0$$

$$Q_{16..} = 31 - 1/3(30+22+42) = -1/3$$

$$Q_{17..} = 33 - 1/3(30+33+36) = 0$$

$$Q_{18..} = 31 - 1/3(30+21+43) = -1/3$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{11} = 1/18 \{ 3(3)(-4/3) \} + 1/12(258/3-90) = -12/18 - 12/36 = -1$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{12} = 1/18 \{ 3(3)(-10/3) \} - 1/3 = -2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{13} = 1/2(14/3) - 1/3 = 2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{14} = 1/2(-14/3) + 1/3 = -2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{15} = 1/2(10/3) + 1/3 = 2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{16} = 1/2(4/3) + 1/3 = 1$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{21} = 1/2(2/3) - 1/3 = 0$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{22} = 1/2(2/3) - 1/3 = 0$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{23} = 1/2(-4/3) - 1/3 = -1$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{24} = 1/2(-8/3) + 1/3 = -1$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{25} = 1/2(16/3)+1/3 = 3$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{26} = 1/2(-8/3)+1/3 = -1$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{31} = 1/2(-4/3)-1/3 = -1$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{32} = 1/2(8/3)-1/3 = 1$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{33} = 1/2(-4/3)-1/3 = -1$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{34} = 1/2(4/3)+1/3 = 1$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{35} = 1/2(4/3)+1/3 = 1$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{36} = 1/2(-8/3)+1/3 = -1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\tau}_1 &= \bar{y}_{1..} - \bar{y} - 1/3(\hat{\beta}_{11} + \hat{\beta}_{21} + \hat{\beta}_{31}) = \bar{y}_{1..} - \bar{y} - 1/3 \left\{ 1/2(Q_{.11} + Q_{.21} + Q_{.31}) \right. \\ &\quad \left. - 1/18 \sum_{j=1}^3 \sum_{g=1}^3 Q_{.jg} \right\} - 1/12 \sum_{i=1}^9 (\bar{y}_{i..} - \bar{y}) \end{aligned}$$

$$= 25/3 - 10 - 1/6(-4/3 + 2/3 - 4/3) + 0 - 1/12(-12/3) = -1$$

$$\hat{\tau}_2 = 8 - 10 - 1/3(-1 + 0 + 1) = -2$$

$$\hat{\tau}_3 = 6 - 10 - 1/3(-1 - 1 - 1) = -3$$

$$\hat{\tau}_4 = 5 - 10 - 1/3(-2 + 0 - 1) = -4$$

$$\hat{\tau}_5 = 4 - 10 - 1/3(-2 + 0 - 1) = -5$$

$$\hat{\tau}_6 = 43/3 - 10 - 1/3(-2 - 1 + 1) = 5$$

$$\hat{\tau}_7 = 15 - 10 - 1/3(2 + 0 + 1) = 4$$

$$\hat{\tau}_8 = 40/3 - 10 - 1/3(2 + 0 - 1) = 3$$

$$\hat{\tau}_9 = 12 - 10 - 1/3(2 - 1 - 1) = 2$$

$$\hat{\tau}_{10} = 31/3 - 10 - 1/3(-2 - 1 + 1) = 1$$

$$\hat{\tau}_{11} = 32/3 - 10 - 1/3(-2 + 3 + 1) = 0$$

$$\hat{\tau}_{12} = 26/3 - 10 - 1/3(-2 - 1 - 1) = 0$$

$$\hat{\tau}_{13} = 10 - 10 - 1/3(2 - 1 - 1) = 0$$

$$\hat{\tau}_{14} = 12 - 10 - 1/3(2 + 3 + 1) = 0$$

$$\hat{\tau}_{15} = 32/3 - 10 - 1/3(2-1+1) = 0$$

$$\hat{\tau}_{16} = 31/3 - 10 - 1/3(1-1+1) = 0$$

$$\hat{\tau}_{17} = 11 - 10 - 1/3(1+3-1) = 0$$

$$\hat{\tau}_{18} = 31/3 - 10 - 1/3(1-1+1) = 0$$

With the above estimates of $\hat{\mu}$, $\hat{\rho}_j$, $\hat{\tau}_1$ and $\hat{\beta}_{jg}$ agreeing with the parameters used to set up the numerical example, we now proceed with computing the following sums of squares in the analysis of variance:

Total with 53 d.f.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{18} \sum_{j=1}^3 Y_{ijg}^2 - \frac{Y_{...}^2}{54} = 6188 - \frac{540^2}{54} = 6188 - 5400 = 788 .$$

Replicate with 2 d.f.

$$\sum_{j=1}^3 \frac{Y_{.j.}^2}{18} - \frac{Y_{...}^2}{54} = 252 .$$

Treatments (ignoring block effects) with 17 d.f.

$$\sum_{i=1}^{18} \frac{Y_{i..}^2}{3} - \frac{Y_{...}^2}{54} = 452 .$$

Blocks (ignoring treatment effects) with 15 d.f.

$$\sum_{j=1}^3 \left\{ \sum_{g=1}^6 \frac{Y_{.jg}^2}{k=3} - \frac{Y_{.j.}^2}{18} \right\} = 5925.333 - 5652 = \frac{820}{3} = 273.333 .$$

Treatments 1 to 9 vs. treatments 10 to 18 with 1 d.f.

$$\frac{(258-282)^2}{3(9)(1+1)} = \frac{32}{3} .$$

Treatments 1 to 9 vs. treatments 10 to 18 x replicates with 2 d.f.

$$\frac{(77-85)^2}{18} + \frac{(68-76)^2}{18} + \frac{(113-121)^2}{18} - \frac{(258-282)^2}{54} = 0$$

Blocks (eliminating treatment effects) within groups with 12 d.f.

$$\sum_{j=1}^3 \left\{ \sum_{g=1}^3 \hat{\beta}_{jg} Q_{.jg} - \sum_{g=1}^3 \hat{\beta}_{jg} \sum_{g=1}^3 Q_{.jg} / 3 + \sum_{g=4}^6 \hat{\beta}_{jg} Q_{.jg} - \sum_{g=4}^6 \hat{\beta}_{jg} \sum_{g=4}^6 Q_{.jg} / 3 \right\} = 68$$

Treatment (eliminating block effects) with 16 d.f.

$$\sum \hat{\tau}_i Q_{i..} = \frac{740}{3} = 246.667$$

Combining these sums of squares in an analysis of variance table we obtain:

Source of variation	d.f.	s.s.	m.s.
Total (uncorrected)	54	6188	--
Correction for the mean	1	5400	--
Total (corrected for the mean)	53	788	--
Replicates	2	252	--
Treatments (ignoring blocks)	17	452	--
1 to 9 vs. 10 to 18	1	10.667	--
Remainder	16	441.333	--
Replicates x treatments	34	84	
Blocks within treatment	12	68	17/3=5.667
Groups (elim. treatment effects)			
Treatment groups x reps.	2	0	0
Residual = intrablock error	20	16	4/5=.8
Treatment (elim. block effects)	17	772/3	--
1 to 9 vs. 10 to 18	1	32/3	10.667
Treatments within groups	16	740/3	15.417

The residual or intrablock error sum of squares equals 16 as it should since 16 plus or minus ones were inserted in the table of yields. As a further check, the correction for disproportion is computed as $452 - 772/3 = 584/3$ and $273\frac{1}{3} - (68 + 10\frac{2}{3}) = \frac{820 - 236}{3} = \frac{584}{3}$. Thus, everything checks for this example. It should be remembered that one treatment degree of freedom is completely entangled or confounded with blocks and that this should be removed before making corrections for disproportion. We could do this as follows: The among treatments (eliminating block effects) within groups of k^2 sum of squares with $2(k^2 - 1) = 16$ degrees of freedom is $452 - \frac{32}{3} - \frac{584}{3} = \frac{1324}{3} - \frac{584}{3} = \frac{740}{3}$; the among blocks (eliminating treatment effects) within groups of k^2 sum of squares is $\frac{820 - 32 - 0}{3} - \frac{584}{3} = \frac{204}{3} = 68$.

The intrablock analysis for the six replicates will be given now; then, the analysis with recovery of interblock information and the computation of the various variances will be given. As before we write out the normal equations with an additional set of equations and obtain unique solutions for the effects. The normal equations follow:

$$\mu: 6(18)\hat{\mu} + 18 \sum_{j=1}^6 \hat{\rho}_j + 6 \sum_{i=1}^{18} \hat{\tau}_i + 3 \sum_{j=1}^6 \sum_{g=1}^6 \hat{\beta}_{jg} = 6(18)\hat{\mu} + 0 + 0 + 0 = Y_{...} = 1080 ;$$

$$\rho_j: 18(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_j) + \sum_{i=1}^{18} \hat{\tau}_i + \sum_{g=1}^6 \hat{\beta}_{jg} = 18(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\rho}_j) = Y_{.j.} = \text{replicate total} ;$$

$$\tau_1: 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_1) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{11} + \hat{\beta}_{21} + \hat{\beta}_{31} + \hat{\beta}_{41} + \hat{\beta}_{51} + \hat{\beta}_{61} = Y_{1..} = 50$$

$$\tau_2: 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_2) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{11} + \hat{\beta}_{22} + \hat{\beta}_{32} + \hat{\beta}_{42} + \hat{\beta}_{52} + \hat{\beta}_{61} = Y_{2..} = 45$$

$$\tau_3: 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_3) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{11} + \hat{\beta}_{23} + \hat{\beta}_{33} + \hat{\beta}_{43} + \hat{\beta}_{53} + \hat{\beta}_{61} = Y_{3..} = 39$$

$$\tau_4: 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_4) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{12} + \hat{\beta}_{21} + \hat{\beta}_{33} + \hat{\beta}_{41} + \hat{\beta}_{53} + \hat{\beta}_{62} = Y_{4..} = 32$$

$$\tau_5: 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_5) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{12} + \hat{\beta}_{22} + \hat{\beta}_{31} + \hat{\beta}_{42} + \hat{\beta}_{51} + \hat{\beta}_{62} = Y_{5..} = 26$$

$$\tau_6: 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_6) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{12} + \hat{\beta}_{23} + \hat{\beta}_{32} + \hat{\beta}_{43} + \hat{\beta}_{52} + \hat{\beta}_{62} = Y_{6..} = 91$$

$$\tau_7: 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_7) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{13} + \hat{\beta}_{21} + \hat{\beta}_{32} + \hat{\beta}_{41} + \hat{\beta}_{52} + \hat{\beta}_{63} = Y_{7..} = 85$$

$$\tau_8: 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_8) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{13} + \hat{\beta}_{22} + \hat{\beta}_{33} + \hat{\beta}_{42} + \hat{\beta}_{53} + \hat{\beta}_{63} = Y_{8..} = 75$$

$$\tau_9: 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_9) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{13} + \hat{\beta}_{23} + \hat{\beta}_{31} + \hat{\beta}_{43} + \hat{\beta}_{51} + \hat{\beta}_{63} = Y_{9..} = 73$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \tau_{10}: & 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{10}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{14} + \hat{\beta}_{24} + \hat{\beta}_{34} + \hat{\beta}_{44} + \hat{\beta}_{54} + \hat{\beta}_{64} = Y_{10..} = 62 \\
 \tau_{11}: & 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{11}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{14} + \hat{\beta}_{25} + \hat{\beta}_{35} + \hat{\beta}_{45} + \hat{\beta}_{55} + \hat{\beta}_{64} = Y_{11..} = 68 \\
 \tau_{12}: & 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{12}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{14} + \hat{\beta}_{26} + \hat{\beta}_{36} + \hat{\beta}_{46} + \hat{\beta}_{56} + \hat{\beta}_{64} = Y_{12..} = 57 \\
 \tau_{13}: & 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{13}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{15} + \hat{\beta}_{24} + \hat{\beta}_{36} + \hat{\beta}_{44} + \hat{\beta}_{56} + \hat{\beta}_{65} = Y_{13..} = 56 \\
 \tau_{14}: & 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{14}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{15} + \hat{\beta}_{25} + \hat{\beta}_{34} + \hat{\beta}_{45} + \hat{\beta}_{54} + \hat{\beta}_{65} = Y_{14..} = 66 \\
 \tau_{15}: & 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{15}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{15} + \hat{\beta}_{26} + \hat{\beta}_{35} + \hat{\beta}_{46} + \hat{\beta}_{55} + \hat{\beta}_{65} = Y_{15..} = 65 \\
 \tau_{16}: & 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{16}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{16} + \hat{\beta}_{24} + \hat{\beta}_{35} + \hat{\beta}_{44} + \hat{\beta}_{55} + \hat{\beta}_{66} = Y_{16..} = 63 \\
 \tau_{17}: & 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{17}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{16} + \hat{\beta}_{25} + \hat{\beta}_{36} + \hat{\beta}_{45} + \hat{\beta}_{56} + \hat{\beta}_{66} = Y_{17..} = 65 \\
 \tau_{18}: & 6(\hat{\mu} + \hat{\tau}_{18}) + 0 + \hat{\beta}_{16} + \hat{\beta}_{26} + \hat{\beta}_{34} + \hat{\beta}_{46} + \hat{\beta}_{54} + \hat{\beta}_{66} = Y_{18..} = 62
 \end{aligned}$$

Instead of setting up the normal equations for the β_{jg} 's, an interaction table will be constructed and the β_{jg} 's estimated as before

Block No. (j=1 or 6)	Arrangement I (totals)				Block No. (j=2 or 4)	Arrangement II (totals)			
	Rep 1	Rep 6	Sum	Dif- ference		Rep 2	Rep 4	Sum	Dif- ference
j1	18	18	36	0	j1	23	35	58	-12
j2	17	26	43	-9	j2	20	29	49	- 9
j3	42	33	75	9	j3	25	49	74	-24
j4	22	31	53	-9	j4	22	34	56	-12
j5	33	24	57	9	j5	33	45	78	-12
j6	30	30	60	0	j6	21	42	63	-21
Sum	162	162	324	0	Sum	144	234	378	-90
Mean	9	9	9	0	Mean	8	13	10.5	-

Block No. (j=3 or 5)	Arrangement III			
	Rep 3	Rep 5	Sum	Difference
j1	32	20	52	12
j2	49	31	80	18
j3	32	17	49	15
j4	43	22	65	21
j5	42	33	75	9
j6	36	21	57	15
Sum	234	144	378	90
Mean	13	8	10.5	-

The $Q_{.jg}$ (j=I, II or III) values computed for each arrangement are:

$$Q_{.II} = Y_{.11} + Y_{.61} - 2k(\bar{y}_{.I.} - \bar{y}) - k(\bar{y}_{.6.} - \bar{y}) - 2 \sum_{i=1}^v n_{iII} \bar{y}_{i..}$$

$$= 36 - 3(9 - 10 + 9 - 10) - 2/6(50 + 45 + 39) = 42 - 134/3 = -8/3$$

$$Q_{.I2} = 43 - 3(-2) - 2/6(32 + 26 + 91) = -2/3$$

$$Q_{.I3} = 75 - 3(-2) - 1/3(85 + 75 + 73) = 10/3$$

$$Q_{.I4} = 53 - 3(-2) - 1/3(62 + 68 + 57) = -10/3$$

$$Q_{.I5} = 57 + 6 - 1/3(56 + 66 + 65) = 2/3$$

$$Q_{.I6} = 60 + 6 - 1/3(63 + 65 + 62) = 8/3$$

Similarly,

$$Q_{.III1} = 55 - 167/3 = -2/3$$

$$Q_{.III1} = 49 - 149/3 = -2/3$$

$$Q_{.II2} = 46 - 146/3 = -8/3$$

$$Q_{.III2} = 77 - 221/3 = 10/3$$

$$Q_{.II3} = 71 - 203/3 = 10/3$$

$$Q_{.III3} = 46 - 146/3 = -8/3$$

$$Q_{.II4} = 53 - 181/3 = -22/3$$

$$Q_{.III4} = 62 - 190/3 = -4/3$$

$$Q_{.II5} = 75 - 199/3 = 26/3$$

$$Q_{.III5} = 72 - 196/3 = 20/3$$

$$Q_{.II6} = 60 - 184/3 = -4/3$$

$$Q_{.III6} = 54 - 178/3 = -16/3$$

Likewise, the $\hat{\beta}_{jg}$ ($j=I, II, \text{ or } III$) are:

$$\hat{\beta}_{I1} = \frac{1}{qV} \left\{ 3kQ_{\cdot I1} \right\} + \frac{1}{k(k+1)} \sum_{i=1}^k (\bar{y}_{i\cdot} - \bar{y})$$

$$= 1/4(-8/3) + 1/12(516/6 - 90) = -1$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{I2} = 1/4(-2/3) - 1/3 = -1/2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{I3} = 1/4(10/3) - 1/3 = 1/2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{I4} = 1/4(-10/3) + 1/12(564/6 - 90) = -1/2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{I5} = 1/4(2/3) + 1/3 = 1/2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{I6} = 1/4(8/3) + 1/3 = 1$$

Similarly,

$$\hat{\beta}_{III1} = -1/2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{IIII1} = -1/2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{II2} = -1$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{IIII2} = 1/2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{II3} = 1/2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{IIII3} = -1$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{II4} = -3/2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{IIII4} = 0$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{II5} = 5/2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{IIII5} = 2$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{II6} = 0$$

$$\hat{\beta}_{IIII6} = -1$$

In the above $\beta_{Ig} = 1/2(\beta_{1g} + \beta_{6g})$, $\beta_{IIg} = 1/2(\beta_{2g} + \beta_{4g})$, and $\beta_{IIIg} = 1/2(\beta_{3g} + \beta_{5g})$ where the β_{jg} are the parameters used to construct the example. With these values of the $\hat{\beta}_{jg}$'s we are now in a position to estimate the τ_i .

$$\hat{\tau}_1 = \bar{y}_{1\cdot\cdot} - \bar{y} - 1/6(2\hat{\beta}_{I1} + 2\hat{\beta}_{III1} + 2\hat{\beta}_{IIII1})$$

$$= (50 - 60 - 2(-1 - 1/2 - 1/2))/6 = -1$$

$$\hat{\tau}_2 = (45 - 60 - 2(-1 - 1 + 1/2))/6 = -2$$

Similarly,

$\hat{\tau}_3 = -3$	$\hat{\tau}_{11} = 0$	$Q_{1..} = 4/3$	$Q_{2..} = -30/3$
$\hat{\tau}_4 = -4$	$\hat{\tau}_{12} = 0$	$Q_{3..} = -42/3$	$Q_{11..} = -2/3$
$\hat{\tau}_5 = -5$	$\hat{\tau}_{13} = 0$	$Q_{4..} = -54/3$	$Q_{12..} = -2/3$
$\hat{\tau}_6 = 5$	$\hat{\tau}_{14} = 0$	$Q_{5..} = -66/3$	$Q_{13..} = -2/3$
$\hat{\tau}_7 = 4$	$\hat{\tau}_{15} = 0$	$Q_{6..} = 76/3$	$Q_{14..} = -2/3$
$\hat{\tau}_8 = 3$	$\hat{\tau}_{16} = 0$	$Q_{7..} = 42/3$	$Q_{15..} = 0$
$\hat{\tau}_9 = 2$	$\hat{\tau}_{17} = 0$	$Q_{8..} = 52/3$	$Q_{16..} = -2/3$
$\hat{\tau}_{10} = 1$	$\hat{\tau}_{18} = 0$	$Q_{9..} = 18/3$	$Q_{17..} = 0$
		$Q_{10..} = 12/3$	$Q_{18..} = -2/3$

The sums of squares in the analysis of variance are computed as:

Total with 107 degrees of freedom

$$\sum_{i,j,g} Y_{ijg}^2 - \frac{Y_{...}^2}{108=2(3)(2k^2)} = 12302 - 10800 = 1502 .$$

Replicate with 5 degrees of freedom

$$\sum_{j=1}^6 \frac{Y_{.j.}^2}{v} - \frac{Y_{...}^2}{rv} = 11304 - 10800 = 504 .$$

Treatments (ignoring blocks) with 17 degrees of freedom

$$\sum_{i=1}^{18} \frac{Y_{i..}^2}{r} - \frac{Y_{...}^2}{rv} = 11613 - 10800 = 813 .$$

Blocks (ignoring treatments) within replicates with 30 d.f.

$$\sum_{j=1}^r \left\{ \sum_{g=1}^{2k} \frac{Y_{.jg}^2}{k} - \frac{Y_{.j.}^2}{2k^2} \right\} = 11792\frac{2}{3} - 11304 = \frac{1466}{3} .$$

Treatments 1 to 9 vs. 10 to 18 with 1 d.f.

$$\frac{(516-564)^2}{6(9)(1+1)=108} = \frac{48^2}{108} = \frac{64}{3} .$$

Treatments 1 to 9 vs. 10 to 18 x replicates with 5 d.f.

$$\frac{(77-85)^2+(68-76)^2+(113-121)^2+(68-76)^2 + (113-121)^2+(77-85)^2}{18} - \frac{(516-564)^2}{108} = 0 .$$

Blocks (eliminating treatment effects) within groups with 24 d.f.

$$\text{III } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{j=1}^3 \hat{\beta}_{jg} Q_{.jg} - \sum_{g=1}^3 \hat{\beta}_{jg} \sum_{g=1}^3 Q_{.jg} / 3 + \sum_{g=4}^6 \hat{\beta}_{jg} Q_{.jg} - \sum_{g=4}^6 \hat{\beta}_{jg} \sum_{g=4}^6 Q_{.jg} / 3 \end{array} \right\}$$

= component (b) sum of squares = 70 with 12 d.f.

Interaction of Blocks with reps within arrangements I, II, and III = component (a) =

$$\frac{0^2+(-9)^2+\dots+9^2+15^2}{6=qk} - \frac{0^2+(-90)^2+90^2}{2qk^2=36} = \frac{3294}{6} - \frac{16200}{36} = 99 .$$

Therefore, blocks (elim. tr.) sum of squares is

$$70+99=169 \text{ with } 24 \text{ d.f.}$$

Treatment (eliminating blocks) with 16 d.f.

$$\hat{\tau}_{i.Q_{1..}} = \frac{1480}{3}$$

Intrablock error with 56 d.f.

$$1502-504-813-169 = 16 .$$

The above sums of squares are summarized in the following analysis of variance table:

<u>Source of variation</u>	<u>d.f.</u>	<u>Sum of squares</u>	<u>Mean square</u>
Replicates	5	504	100.8
Treatments 1 to 9 vs 10 to 18	1	64/3	64/3
Error (a)	5	0	0
Treatments within groups (ignoring blocks)	16	2375/3	49.5
Blocks (elim. treat.) within groups	24	169	7.0417
component (a)	12	99	
component (b)	12	70	
Intrablock error	56	16	.2857
Correction for mean	1	10800	--
Total (uncorrected)	108	12302	--
Treatments (elim. blocks)	16	1480/3	30.833
Blocks (ignoring treatments)	30	1466/3	--